

CLAREMONT!

THE BEAUTIFUL.

The newspapers are the enlightening influence of this age, the greatest age the world has ever experienced. They state that the Star of Bethlehem is about to appear. They also state that CLAREMONT is the beautiful home of all the townspeople.

The old subject for discussion in the lyceum of our boyhood was: "Which is the greater power, fire or water?" The artesian belt, of which Claremont is the great center, was then unknown but 'twas left for this age, "The Claremont Age," to open up the crystal fountains. Not by miles of poor iron pipe, but clear sparkling water, pouring forth its liquid wealth from the depths of the earth, emblematical of "Ponce de Leon's fountain of perpetual youth."

The early Christian sang: "Could I stand where Moses stood and view the landscape o'er" etc. They had never seen or heard of sweet Claremont, or they would not have referred to Moses. The eye had not seen, the ear had not heard of the visions of loveliness that enchant the eye from Claremont Heights. From the thousands of orange trees come sweet odors. Delicate green is the foliage of the apricot orchards. Softly waves the fields of growing grain. Delicious spreads the shade of the noble oak. Great, majestic, imperial, are the mountains that seem so near. Glistening white are the peaks, emblematical of all that is pure.

Serenely 'mid all this picture of the beautiful and grand in nature lies the queen of all—Claremont the beautiful.

Do you wonder that I have sold \$100,000 worth of lots in a few days?

Do you wonder that those who bought at first prices have been offered, and many have accepted, 50 and 100 per cent advance?

Now, Claremont lots can be bought for a mere trifle. The 1st of May they will advance, making the price 25 per cent. above the starting price.

George H. Fullerton, the president of our company, wires me, April 21st: "Your depot will be built at once. I congratulate you on your splendid prospect. Claremont is queen."

Depots! Hotels! Bank! Stores! Pretty cottages! Sweet Claremont! The lumber for the hotel has been ordered.

At present, and until the Santa Fe route is open, which will be in a few days, I can be found at Pomona, on the Southern Pacific Railroad, or at my home on the hill in Claremont.

Prices will positively advance May 1st and 15th.

W. H. HOLABIRD, General Sales Agent, Pacific Land Improvement Company; Postoffice, Pomona.

DEPARTURE.

RARE CHANCE.

I intend to leave Los Angeles in the month of May and am desirous of disposing of the following property on or before that time:

FIRST—My residence, No. 405 Temple st.; two-story house, 11 rooms and cellar, finely finished and built in the most substantial manner; all rooms are large; all rooms nicely improved; lot 50 feet on Temple st.; 150 feet deep; also 474 feet on Bunker Hill ave. by 169 feet, with 20-foot alley; house double-pitched, with dormer windows; all of the fine carriage teams in the city; carriage, phaeton, harness and fittings complete. This is a great bargain for parties wanting a complete and well-located home, ready for occupancy.

SECOND—Two lots on Temple street, opposite Oliver street; graded; good location for business or fine residence.

THIRD—Five lots in block 2, Park tract; close to business; two lots in block 3, Park tract, near Ostrich Farm road; five lots in block 10, Park tract; nice lots; and near Temple street, two lots in block 10, Park tract, joining Arcadia Heights tract; A SPECULATION: corner lot in block 13, Park tract, fine view, a choice lot; eight lots in block 14, Park tract; nice lots; good view; seven lots in block 17, Park tract, near Temple street; cable road; graded streets; ten lots in block 18, Park tract; nice streets; graded lots; one lot in block 19, Park tract; one lot from Temple street; a bargain; also, 15 lots in the Boundary Water Works tract, on Alameda street, near railroad depot, excellent location; fine view; two lots in block 20, fine fine cottages in beautiful locality, magnificent view and only two minutes' walk from business center and horse-car lines; for sale at a low price. 100 feet on Temple st.; 150 feet on Washington tract; these will be sold cheap.

Owing to my departure, I am offering the above at prices considerably under the market value and on easy terms.

For prices and conditions call at my office, NO. 25 TEMPLE STREET.

V. BEAUDRY.

FOR SALE.

J. D. GILLELEN, Real Estate and Loans, 26½ Spring street.

One of the finest corners of Main st.; sure to double in six months; easy terms: \$6000.

Lot on Los Angeles for \$400 less than any adjacent corner.

Lot on Figueroa from Figueroa and Pico sts., \$600.

Lot on Eleventh near Pearl, \$1000.

Lot on a bargain corner lot on the hill, only six blocks from business, high and level, \$600.

Level lot, six blocks from postoffice, \$600.

TO EXCHANGE FOR REAL ESTATE.

A livery and boarding stable, centrally located and doing a good business.

Stock of hardware and tinware, &c.

Stock of variety notions.

REMOVED—DAY & SIDDALL.

real estate agents, have removed to No. 8 Spring st., opposite Nedaeus House. We

make a specialty of selling houses and lots at

low market prices. NO. 8 SOUTH SPRING ST.

W. L. SCHAFFNER, 3 N. Main st.

Wall paper, in endless variety, at the Boston

Wall Paper House, 22 South Spring street.

COÖPERATIVE COLONY!

The First Series of Stock

(Being 200 shares) in this successful organization having been sold with marvelous rapidity, the board of directors will put a limited amount of stock in the second series on the market May 2, 1887.

Every Share of Stock Entitles the Holder

TO A TOWN LOT FREE!

This is the best opportunity for persons of limited means ever offered in Southern California. Good land. Plenty of water all the year round. Ocean breezes. Contiguity to railroads and the city of Los Angeles, are some of the attractions of the Colony site. It is on proposed narrow-gauge railroad from Long Beach to Pasadena.

CALIFORNIA COÖPERATIVE COLONY,

[Incorporated Under the Laws of California.]

Rooms 3 and 4, Newell Block, Second St., near Main,

OR ADDRESS P. O. BOX 656, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

O. H. VIOLET, SECRETARY PRO TEM.

RALPH E. HOYT, PRESIDENT.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, TREASURER.

Real Estate.

EXCURSION

San Diego.

FRIDAY, APRIL 29,

AT 9:10 A.M. FROM THE UNION DEPOT.

FARE, \$7.25.

Good to return in five days, to attend the

GRAND

Credit Auction Sale!

La Jolla Beach!

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SERVED BY CARRIERS:	
DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER WEEK.....	6.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER MONTH.....	5.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER QUARTER.....	15.00
DAILY AND SUNDAY, PER YEAR.....	20.00
WEEKLY, PER YEAR.....	2.00

THE TIMES is the only morning Republican newspaper printed in Los Angeles that owns the exclusive right to publish the telegraphic "night report" of the Associated Press, the greatest news-gathering organization in the world. Our franchise has recently been renewed for a long term of years.

SUBSCRIBERS, when writing to the address of their paper, should also state the former address.

CORRESPONDENCE solicited from all quarters. Timely news and views never fail to receive attention. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly, and send real name for the private information of the Editors.

TELEPHONES—Business Office.....**No. 29**
Editorial (3 bells).....**No. 29**

Address THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
TICKLES BUILDING,
N.E. cor. First and Fort sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

ENTERED AT POSTOFFICE AS 2D-CLASS MATTER.

The Times.

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
H. G. OTIS,
President and General Manager.
ALBERT McFARLAND,
Vice-Prest, Treas. and Business Manager.
WM. A. SPALDING, Secretary.

REMOVED.

The office of the Times-Mirror Company is removed to the new Times Building, northeast corner of First and Fort streets (first floor)—entrance for the present, on the Fort-street side. Open day and night.

POINTS OF THE MORNING'S NEWS.

Train robbery in Arizona...Simmons held for trial for burning the Del Monte Hotel...President Adams, of the Union Pacific, testifies before the Railway Commission...Efforts to save the flagship Hartford from condemnation...The President issues a proclamation...Germany's official statement of the Schneebeli affair...Disasters on the coast of New Hampshire...Isaac H. Polk appointed Receiver of Public Moneys at Los Angeles...Verdict of "not guilty" in the Woods murder case at Santa Rosa...Gladstone attends a "Wild West" show and makes a speech...Hundreds of Austrian pearl-fishers drowned...Officers elected by the Grand Commandery of Knights Templars...Opera at San Francisco...Death of two noted California pioneers...Base-ball games...The coming wool convention at St. Louis...Dr. McGlynn again refuses to go to Rome...Fighting in the Sudan...The petroleum market excited...Alexander Mitchell's bequests to charity...An Ohio local option advocate murdered by saloon men...Loss of the schooner Flying Scud with eighteen men on board...Turf matters...Suicide at Marysville...End of the strike on the Canadian Pacific...Effect of the Interstate Act on California fruit industry...The Florida Senatorship...Reported discovery of lost bonanzas in Mexico confirmed...Estimates of oranges awaiting shipment in Southern California...Capt. W. H. McIntyre to superintend Senator Stanford's vineyards.

THE G-strung Yuma is erupting with measles and fatal effect.

POMONA PROGRESS is bound to earn its title. It appeared yesterday as a daily.

The only thing that even remotely tempts Cleveland to come West this summer is the promise of good fishing. There are very few suckers on the coast, however, Brer Cleveland.

The San Francisco Chronicle thinks that the Canadian Pacific is on a fair way to convince the transcontinental lines that the Interstate Commerce Act does not require as high rates as they originally thought.

CONSIDERING the fact that spring is upon us and business is supposed to be at the tapering-off point, Los Angeles showed a very creditable list of real-estate sales yesterday. The aggregate was \$198,000. A sale of the Woodbury's, in North Pasadena, furnished the largest item.

LOS ANGELES is about to put on still further metropolitan airs in the acquisition of a daily German newspaper. The *Sud California Post*, which is an established stand-by as a weekly publication, will shortly make the transition. We welcome it to the treadmills of daily journalism and know that it will "Deutsch sprachen" just six times as effectively as hitherto.

A PROPOS of Ward's *Richard the Third*, the scribes are amusingly at sea about the name of the version which Mr. Ward's affects. One paper says it is by Collier Collier, and even the theater programme says it is Colley Collier. Poor Colley Collier, when he undertook to improve on the immortal bard, never imagined that his own name would become so much maltreated. It may be regarded as a just retribution.

VICTORY is prophesied for a Los Angeles horse in the forthcoming Kentucky Derby. What a pity that we never have any public trials of speed of these world-famous animals here in Los Angeles, where they belong! It is a case of the shoemaker's family going barefoot. If we had an agricultural association with enough capacity to rise above the seductions of the roulette wheel, perhaps the real turf talent of the county might be brought out on our local track. While the people of Los Angeles are humbugged in this way they seem to have no recourse but to quietly stay away from Agricultural Park and let the association worry out its miserable existence.

Such foul has been found with Jameson Sparks, of the United States Land Office, for delays in transacting the business of his department, but, if he lays bare the gross frauds in land entry, which it is said he is working out, all will be forgiven him. The San Francisco Chronicle thinks that the recent telegraphic news of the frauds unearthened in San Luis Obispo county by Special Agent John L. Collins is but the beginning of a complete exposure of the methods pursued by these land sharks, and the final result, it hopes, will open up a good lot of lands for entry by legitimate settlers.

Mr. Collins has been engaged for the past five months in a thorough investigation of the entries in this end of the State, from San Diego to San Luis Obispo, and he is now in San Francisco making up his report.

The Chronicle says:

In the case of the sixty-two fraudulent entries which he will report to the department, it was found that the monied principals, as is usual in such cases, have kept themselves in the background, and it will be difficult to make out a case against them.

Native Californians and Mexicans have been employed as tools to make the necessary affidavits to prove the entries. In many cases these are frankly acknowledged, as were put before them without reading or understanding their contents. They were paid for what they did by an agent of the capitalist, and as they never knew the principals, it will be difficult to find proof against the men who are engineering the frauds.

There is no other proof were forthcoming,

in which the entries were made would in many instances be sufficient to show that the men who made affidavits to a continued residence on the lands entered had never seen them. In one instance an entry was made under the Timber-culture Act, which requires the settler, beside a residence, to plant a certain number of acres to trees and timber. The land entered was found to be covered with a dense growth of live-oak and laurel, and might very properly have been entered as timber land.

In another case, where an eighty-acre tract was entered as timber land, not a tree was growing on the ground. The whole section was composed of some of the finest grazing land in the state. Much of it is eventually suitable as timber or timber land. The land is not located together, but is scattered throughout the county. It is noticeable, however, that most of it is contiguous to the line of one of the proposed railroads of the Southern Pacific or the Atlantic and Pacific companies. While these fraudulent entries will probably be set aside, the question of the proper procedure will follow unless the authorship of the frauds can be brought home to the men who furnish the capital. The department does not wish to prosecute the ignorant people who have been used as tools by the more intelligent and better educated people who get them to do their dirty work.

It is believed that one of the most important pieces of work done by the special agent of the Land Office has been an examination of the surveys of the Lomas de Santiago grant in Los Angeles county. It was found that the boundaries of this grant had been so stretched in making the surveys that about seven square leagues of land had been patented to the grantees over and above the amount to which they were entitled by the original grant. As the patent for the grant has already been issued, it will be difficult to reopen the survey under the recent ruling of Secretary Lamar on the patent of the pueblo lands to the city of San Francisco. The principal point of difference lies in the allegation of fraud in the survey of the Santiago grant and in the prosecution of the patent. That this point is considered a material one by Secretary Lamar is shown by the fact that he has turned the matter over to J. Marion Brooks, the newly-appointed District Attorney of the Southern District, with instructions to look into the matter and take such steps as he found necessary and advisable. The question with the Government is how to protect innocent purchasers under such patents. Most of the purchasers are genuine settlers and it is desirable to protect their equities. How this can be done, if the patent is attacked, is a troublesome question to solve. Whether J. Marion will have the force, energy and integrity to carry the matter through to a just and equitable conclusion, remains to be seen.

A Promised Treat.

It was reported upon the street at a late hour last night that H. H. Boyce, alias "Smoochy," had announced his intention of entering a \$50,000 libel suit against **THE TIMES** today. This is important, if true. Now that warm weather draws on, local news naturally dwindles, and the papers will welcome so good an item. **THE TIMES** never changes its policy in these matters.

It is always ready to back up what it says, and, in fact, to force the fighting. No bringing of a suit for effect, and then dropping it quietly, will work here. If the suit is brought, it will be pushed to trial; and in that case **THE TIMES** here and now contracts to furnish the steepest reading that was ever laid before the people of Los Angeles. The serial will begin with a Wisconsin love-story, and will come down a step at a time to Los Angeles, in this year of grace, 1887. There have been several interesting biographies published in this country of late, but the list of people with records is by no means exhausted. **THE TIMES** is in a position to miss no detail of the present story, and will see that its readers miss none.

"The Royal Road to Matrimony," "What I Know About School Books," and innumerable other wildly-absorbing chapters, are among the attractions to be looked for.

But perhaps these hopes are vain. It may be that this suit will be like that of Walter Moore suit. We shall see what we shall see. Meantime we are loaded for a'ar.

The robbery of a train at Papago station, eighteen miles east of Tucson, Ariz., which took place Wednesday

in this city, was perpetrated by a party of five to eight men, all fully armed, and the robbers are suspected of being disengaged railroad employees. There is no necessity to urge the railroad, the express and the Territorial authorities to follow this matter to the death at once. A gang of desperadoes of this stamp, if once well organized and provided with remote strongholds, capable of inflicting almost untold damage, not only in the property made off with, and perhaps in the lives sacrificed, but further in terrorizing the public and stopping travel.

AMUSEMENTS.

FREDERICK WARD AS "RICHARD THE THIRD."—The Grand Opera was well filled last night, evidencing the fact that the public has at last become interested in the fine performances that are being given by this talented company. The version of Shakespeare's tragedy presented by Mr. Ward is announced as that of Colley Collier, which Hazlitt describes as a patchwork affair, the only intention of which was to make the character of "Richard" as odious and disgusting as possible.

As a special instance of this design, the scene between "Richard" and "Lady Anne" (when his wife) is interpolated without any authority, and should be excised. Mr. Ward's very properly cut out of his play the dying speech "Richard,"

which is a fine another play, but he preserves the soliloquy on "Conscience" in the third act, which is attributed to Collier himself, and is good. The arrangement of the first act is conducive to good stage effect, and tends to enlighten the auditor as to the facts of "Richard's" crimes. But the omission of Clarence's dream, and some other fine passages is to be regretted.

Mr. Ward's version of the crafty and unscrupulous prince was marked by a keen penetration of the subtlety required for its proper delineation. In the earlier scenes he was a little lacking in the requisite emphasis, but rapidly grew into the character, and his own personality soon became quite marked, and his appearance a poorness of manner.

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important pieces of work done by the special agent of the Land Office has been an examination of the surveys of the Lomas de Santiago grant in Los Angeles county. It was found that the boundaries of this grant had been so stretched in making the surveys that about seven square leagues of land had been patented to the grantees over and above the amount to which they were entitled by the original grant.

As the patent for the grant has already been issued, it will be difficult to reopen the survey under the recent ruling of Secretary Lamar on the patent of the pueblo lands to the city of San Francisco.

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The principal point of

Stand Trial.

The Evidence Against Bird Circumstantial but Damaging.

Terrible Story of Wreck on the Coast of Alaska.

Death of Two Noted Pioneers at San Francisco—The Woods Barber Trial at Santa Rosa Results in a Verdict of Not Guilty—Court Notes.

By Telegraph to The Times.

MONTEREY, April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] The preliminary examination of Simmons, charged with having burned the Hotel del Monte, was resumed this morning. Miss Bach testified that Simmons left the room on the night of the fire at 10:30 and that no bell-boy came there to tell Simmons that he smelled smoke.

C. A. Hertholt, bell-boy at the hotel, testified that at 10:40 pm. on the night of the fire he saw Simmons coming from the passage leading from the dining-room to the lobby. Shortly after he heard smoke, which appeared to be coming from the dining-room. He immediately aroused Schoenwald and informed him that there was fire.

Henry Bach, night watchman at the Hotel del Monte was recalled. In the second week in March witness observed to Simmons that it was not fair to discharge him without reason. Simmons replied calmly: "That's all right. I have not got through with them yet."

Charles J. Johnson testified that on the night of the fire Simmons had told him not to remove any books, as they were old and valuable.

H. J. Palmer, superintendent of the stable, testified that Simmons had told him that Schoenwald was the cause of his removal and he would get even on him and the company would feel sorry for his removal.

George Schonewald, the manager, testified that he had seen Simmons on the night of April 1st and did not notice that his clothes were in any manner soiled, and that he remained to help turn on the water when asked to do so.

J. A. Clough testified that on the night of the fire Simmons was asked to help him and said: "I have nothing more to do. I am done with the hotel."

Witnesses had been examined about twenty witnesses. The examination was concluded at 4 o'clock. The defense offered no testimony, and the Court made an order holding Simmons before the Superior Court with bonds fixed at \$20,000. Simmons throughout has been cool and unconcerned—so much so that many doubts are expressed as to his guilt.

VITICULTURAL.

Capt. McIntyre to Manage Senator Stanford's Immense Vineyards.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—[Special.] Capt. H. W. McIntyre, President of the Grape-growers' and Wine-makers' Association of California, and manager of the Niebaum vineyard, Napa county, has been appointed by Senator Stanford superintendent of his vineyard. Capt. McIntyre was offered the position of chief executive vinticultural officer when C. A. Wetmore resigned that position a few weeks ago. He declined the latter position, believing that he could better advance the vinticultural interests of the State in looking after Stanford's immense vineyard at Vins. It is the opinion of many that at the next meeting of the State Vinticultural Commission some new person may be proposed for chief executive vinticultural officer.

RUS.

The Opera Season—Two Pioneers Dead—General Notes.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—[Special.] The success of the National Opera Company is well established here from the splendid performances, which are drawing crowded audiences. Tonight the Grand Opera-house is packed to the doors. Delibé's beautiful opera *Lacine* being the attraction, which has made one of the greatest successes of the season. This is the finest company that has ever visited San Francisco, and the musical public is giving it the heartiest possible support.

KNIGHTS' TEMPLES.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—[Special.] The Grand Commandery of Knights Templars of California today re-elected all of the present officers for the ensuing year. The following are the elected officers: E. E. Reuben Hedley Lloyd, Grand Commander of San Francisco; E. E. Sir Tristan Burgess, Deputy Grand Commander; W. San Jose; E. E. Sir Norton Constance Marion, Grand Generalissimo; of Chic; E. E. Sir Samuel Hopkins Waggoner, Grand Captain-General, of San Jose; E. E. Sir Hezekiah Lord Hosmer, Grand Prelate, of San Francisco; E. E. Sir George Asbury Johnson, Grand Senior Warden, of Santa Rosa; E. E. Sir Jacob Hart, Neff, Grand Junior Warden, of Colfax; E. E. Sir John Francis Merrill, Grand Treasurer, of San Francisco; E. E. Sir Thomas Hubbard Caswell, Grand Recorder, of San Francisco.

DEATH OF TWO PIONEERS.

William M. Bevens, a printer, aged 70 years, died last night from the shock following the amputation of his leg. Bevens came here in '49 and was engaged at the case up to nine years ago, when he settled down to a country life.

Ex-Judge Gordon N. Mott died at the residence of his son, H. M. Mott, in this city, yesterday, at the age of 75 years. He had been confined to his bed for more than a year in consequence of injuries received from a runaway team. Mott also was a pioneer, having arrived here in '49. He died in 1860, and was elected County Judge of Sutter in 1860, and was the first Justice of the Peace in the State. In 1861 he was appointed Judge of the Superior Court. In 1862 he was appointed by President Lincoln District Justice of Nevada Territory. Three years later he was elected to the Lower House of Congress and served one term. Mott was principal second and adviser of Hon. Stephen J. Field in the latter's duel with Judge W. T. Barbour in 1870.

THE FLOWER FAIR.

The flower fair in the Union Club building, for the benefit of the Woman's Exchange, was successfully opened today. The exhibits are profuse and handsome. The fair will close on Saturday evening.

Santa Rosa Jotting.

SANTA ROSA, April 28.—Evidence in the Woods murder case closed this morning. The argument of counsel and instructions consumed the time till 3 o'clock this afternoon. The jury were out till 3 without agreement and at that hour they came into court and announced a verdict of not guilty. The public were not surprised. The testimony was circumstantial and unsatisfactory.

Col. Donahue stated in an interview here

Lost with All on Board.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 28.—Advice from Kodiak, Alaska, bearing date April 5th, which have just been received, state that the schooner Flying Seal, hailing from that port, was lost at sea. There were aboard of the crew, H. Andrew, Capt. Nels Hansen, Vassili Grinchen, his son, and fourteen native hunters. All were lost. It is supposed that the vessel shifted her ballast and capsized in a gale in Shetland Straits.

Killed for Opposing Free State.

PORTSMOUTH (O.), April 28.—Dr. W. T. Northrup, a prominent physician at Havercamp, in the eastern part of Scioto county, was murdered yesterday by Thomas McCoy, a saloon-keeper, and his brother Alfred, the postmaster at Havercamp, aided by two sons of Alfred McCoy. Dr. Northrup deserved the disapprobation of the McCloys for having given a favorable opinion. They waylaid him yesterday when coming to his office and began firing on him with pistols and shotguns. He was unarmed, but drew a pocket-knife and badly wounded Alfred McCoy before he was fatally shot. The McCloys have been arrested. There is a feeling in favor of lynching.

ADAMS TALKS.

Union Pacific's President Before the Railways Commission—He Says His Company's Books Will Stand Investigation.

By Telegraph to The Times.

NEW YORK, April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] The inquisition into the workings and financial management of all railroads that have received aid from the Government in bonds was resumed today by the commission appointed by the President.

Charles Francis Adams occupied the witness chair and said he had been president of the Union Pacific road for three years and knew a great deal of the road and its management and workings. During his presidency he heard vague stories that Directors Gould, Dillon, and Ames had so conducted affairs that they were in debt to his enemies. Adams was examined as to the affairs of the Denver and South Park. It was built by Gov. Evans, of Colorado. Gov. Evans had had no connection with the Union Pacific and he did not know whether the construction books had been transferred to Union Pacific. Adams had heard who made the bargain, which transferred the road to the Union Pacific, and he did not know who it was. Evans's road was built to satisfy a famous mining boom and carried men and tools to the spot where holes had been dug in the ground and called "mines." "When the boom collapsed, as every one knows, it did," said Adams, "the road collapsed. It has lost money every year since." The road is now operating at a loss last year was \$60,000. The up and down in Colorado are such that I do not think the future of this branch is hopeless, if they strike a good mine or a new mining country."

Adams could not tell the first cost of the construction of the Union Pacific. He did not know anything of the affairs of the road until 1860. He said that there was a time when he must take the road and accept it as an accomplished fact, and that period was fixed at 1860. He had rather avoided it prior to that time. The road was built in the most extravagant manner possible.

The branch system of the Union Pacific has been elaborated at enormous expense and every dollar of that money might just as well have been laid in the ground in the stockholders' dividends.

The branches of the road were paying, so it would seem, for while they made deficits, it was a fact that they fed the main line with business on which large profits were made.

Adams had calculated that the Union Pacific was receiving about \$6,000,000 from its branch system. The company had gone into other enterprises not directly connected. The road was driven into schemes to develop this country without industry by press and people. They clamored and cried that the road was not enterprising and was ungrateful if it did not go into schemes, and then they denounced the road for its wickedness.

Adams did not know of an instance where a director, officer or employee of the Union Pacific had any interest in any contract with the Union Pacific. The last dividend of the road was declared in March, 1884. The net earnings of the road for the past three years had been devoted to improving the property. The floating debt touched him in \$1,000,000. The company had \$75,000,000. Mr. Adams had vouchers for all expenses, and thought the office would stand a great deal of investigation on that score. There was an inclination to legislate against the Union Pacific by State Legislatures, and their tax was enormous, being \$1,100,000 per year. Ad- journed.

Base-ball.

PITTSBURGH, April 28.—The opening championship game between Chicago and Pittsburgh was postponed until tomorrow on account of rain.

NEW YORK, April 28.—The League season was opened at the Polo grounds yesterday, and the games called off at the end of the eighth inning on account of rain. Score: New York, 4; Philadelphia, 3.

LOUISVILLE, April 28.—Cincinnati, 5; Louisville, 12.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 28.—Detroit, 4; Indianapolis, 3.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—Cleveland, 11; St. Louis, 12.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—No game; rain.

BALTIMORE, April 28.—No game; rain.

PHILADELPHIA, April 28.—The Athletic-Brooklyn game was stopped in the second inning on account of the rain.

Coming Wool Convention.

ST. LOUIS, April 28.—Repeated efforts have been made by the managers of the Wool Growers' and International Sheep-shearing Association, whose annual convention is to be held here commencing May 9th, to obtain reduced rates from the railroads. Dispatches were received here to-night that the roads in the West and South, and very likely those in the East, will convey delegates to the convention at one time or another on the 10th instant. The convention promises to be the most important ever held by the wool-growing interest, and will embrace among its delegates woolen manufacturers and dealers in wool from all parts of the country, who, for the first time, will sit and exchange views with the producers, the result of which, it is expected, will be highly beneficial to the entire interest.

Oranges for Shipment.

SANTA ANA, April 28.—By careful revision of estimates made by a number of shippers and also by estimates of Mr. Peary and Mr. Ladd, agents for orange shipments of the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific routes respectively, there will remain on May 1st less than 300 cars out of 1400 cars of oranges. Last year at the same date over 1000 cars remained out of a total crop of 7000. Of this season's crop remaining Rivas-Endriss has not to exceed 40 cars and the Santa Ana Valley probably 75.

SAN JUAN OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

Information.

Chicago Capitalists Happy Over Their Mexican Mines.

A Lynching Party Attack the Jail at Louisville, Ky.

Efforts to Secure the Old Flagship Harted from Threatened Condemnation—Cleveland's Latest Los Angeles Appointment.

A Proclamation—Notes.

By Telegraph to The Times.

YARMOUTH (N. H.), April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] People living about Tucket Islands and the neighboring mainland have passed forty-eight hours of terrible anxiety. These islands are the great lobster-fishing grounds. On Tuesday afternoon there was a gale and the men were unable to go out to the traps. Toward 5 o'clock the wind died out and the boats put out to sea to take in lobsters. They had just about time to get to the traps when the gale came up with increased violence and blew with wild fury all night. Return was impossible and their families on shore spent an awful night listening to the shrieking of the wind and roar of the breakers. When morning came nothing was to be seen of the fishermen's boats, and it seemed as if they had all been lost. It was not until this morning, when several steamers and schooners arrived, that any definite information as to the fate of the men could be obtained. All the men of Little Liver are known to have been drowned and his brother, Frederick, George and Gordon Hamilton, C. Mifflin and another man, name unknown, are also believed to be drowned, as their boats have been found bottom up. Many marvelous escapes are reported.

RICH MINES.

The Reported Discoveries in Mexico Confirmed.

CHICAGO, April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] Interviews with Chicagoans whom recent dispatches associated with the discovery of valuable mines in Mexico confirm the reports. A dispatch from the City of Mexico states that two of the seven legendary mines from which the Spanish conquerors of Mexico drew inexhaustible quantities of gold and silver, until driven out by the Indians two centuries ago, have been found by the prospecting party sent out by the Sonora Company two years ago, and prove to be fully as rich as the legend has them to be. In January, 1885, the Sonora Land Company was chartered under the laws of Illinois and Mexico. The original intention was simply to reclaim and survey the 15,000 acres of grazing lands. The corporation was mostly residents of Chicago.

A LYNNING PARTY.

The Jail at Louisville Attacked by a Mob.

Louisville, April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] At 2:45 a mob organized at Fourth and Main streets and, after several speeches, marched toward the jail. The crowd number about 500 and are armed with sledge hammers. They seem determined, and this time they seem to have leaders. They have not reached the jail yet.

Louisville, April 28.—At 5 a.m. the mob reached the jail, where a skirmish took place and several shots were fired, but one was hurt. The mob then started toward the armory, three-quarters of a mile distant. No dancer is now apprehended.

WASHINGTON.

Efforts to Save the Old Flagship Harted from Condemnation.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] A strong effort is making, with prospects of success, to save the celebrated old flagship Harted, now at Mare Island, from condemnation. The people of the Pacific coast have been particularly active in the matter, and a California delegation, consisting of Representative Thompson, State Senators McCudden and McPike, have reached this city, bearing copies of resolutions passed by the Chamber of Commerce and other commercial bodies of San Francisco, and strongly urging the continuation of the Harted in active service. The delegation had a long interview on the subject with Secretary Whitney yesterday, and will call on him again at a later time. The estimates of repairing the Harted are believed to aggregate less than 20 per cent. of the cost of the vessel. The matter of ordering them to be made is within Secretary Whitney's discretion.

A PROCLAMATION.

The President this afternoon issued a proclamation suspending discriminating duties, tonnage taxes, etc., upon vessels of the northlands of the Dutch East Indies, under the law authorizing him to make such exemption where similar advantages have been afforded to vessels of the United States.

APPOINTED.

The President has appointed Isaac H. Hildreth, of California, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Los Angeles.

The office of the Times-Mirror Company is removed to the new Times Building, northeast corner of First and Fort streets (first floor)—entrance, for the present, on the Fort-street side. Open day and night.

The lamentable lack of thorough technical works, the study of music in our public libraries is a cause of regret to students. A strong effort is being made to establish a complete library of musical literature at the University School of Music. Friends of the institution and those interested in the cause will have an opportunity to help along the good cause next Wednesday evening. A fine program is to be given and some of the most prominent in the city. Among those who have so generously consented to aid in the cause are Dr. Fernandes, Miss Abury Kent, Miss Belle Parsons, late of Boston School of Oratory, Miss Belle Pendleton, Miss Mollie Adelia Brown, Miss Louise Wright and Miss Lella Bred. This entertainment will be given in the University Chapel next Wednesday evening.

Barbacoa.

Owing to the large sales and great demand, the prices of lots in Barbacoa will soon be advanced again, as the buildings, improvements and location justify double the present prices, which are still lower than any surrounding towns of not half the advantages or importance as a suburban foothill home to Los Angeles. Its commanding view on the through line of railroad, only fifteen minutes' ride, is second to none in Southern California.

The Latest Success.

Of the Southern California Land Co., Barbacoa—South Los Angeles. Half-acre lots, \$100 each, in monthly payments of \$10.

The Mississ. River Company, and some public-sighted citizens, have decided to offer six choice lots at public sale, Friday, April 28. These lots are specially located, and will be sold to the purchaser offering the highest premium for successive choice of lots. Minimum and uniform price of lots, \$100 each less than the market value of the cheapest lots in the block. Premiums to be used in the erection of a public schoolhouse on the tract offered for sale. Special provisions will be made by the L. A. & S. G. V. R. R. to carry all tourists to attend this sale. Train leaves depot at 10:30 a.m.

Best City in the State.

The beautiful city of Superior, lighted with electric lights, far superior to Los Angeles—the number of street railroads, the elegant buildings, the new A. T. & S. F. Railroad. John C. Bell, the auctioneer, will sell directly opposite the new depot, on S. 1st street, next to 10 o'clock. \$2 for the round trip, tickets good for three days. Free lunch; band of music.

Berkeley.

Forty-three lots, \$100, in block 101, lot 1. These lots are large and on the main street. Berkeley is a very attractive street. If you want a speculation call on me and see.

Carriages in waiting to show property. George W. Booth, 154 North Main street.

By Telegraph to The Times.

YARMOUTH (N. H.), April 28.—[By the Associated Press.] People living about Tucket Islands and the neighboring mainland have passed forty-eight hours of terrible anxiety. These islands are the great lobster-fishing grounds. On Tuesday afternoon there was a gale and the men were unable to go out to the traps. Toward 5 o'clock the wind died out and the boats put out to sea to take in lobsters. They had just about time to get to the traps when the gale came up with increased violence and blew with wild fury all night. Return was impossible and their families on shore spent an awful night listening to the shrieking of the wind and roar of the breakers. When morning came nothing was to be seen of the fishermen's boats, and it seemed as if they had all been lost. It was not until this morning, when several steamers and schooners arrived, that any definite information as to the fate of the men could be obtained. All the men of Little Liver are known to

The Country Must Not Go into the Air.

(Ontario Record.)
We believe firmly in the glorious future of Southern California; we believe that the area having our conditions of soil, climate and other attractions is so limited that all the available land in the southern counties will be densely populated at an early day.

And yet we cannot be all town and no country. There are towns enough on the market around Los Angeles for a population as great as London; and so many towns have been laid off between Los Angeles and San Bernardino that even if they were a tenth part settled their aggregate population would be greater than New York. We can depend on many men coming here simply for winter or permanent residence, men of means and leisure, who simply wish homes; still this element of our population can be but a small per cent. of the whole. Comparatively few men come to Southern California to buy a fifty-foot lot, build a house on it and spend the rest of their days disbursing money freely and sitting under pepper trees, playing the bocce on a seven-acre piece of blue-grass lawn. Most of those who come even for health want some business. The entertainment of winter tourists is destined to assume mammoth proportions, but, after all, we believe that few towns of this size can be built up with no other dependence than the hotel business and the patronage of wealthy men of leisure, who make their residence there. Important as these things are, we believe that most of the Southern California towns should look upon the fruit business as their most solid and enduring element of prosperity. With our matchless soil and climate, with our power to produce semi-tropical fruits, for which there is an unlimited market and a limited area of supply, and our power to put green vegetables on the eastern market when the snow is two feet deep over the most of the rest of our country, there is a mighty future awaiting the fruit and garden business in Southern California. And our mineral resources are also very important. And any paper town with a good area of fruit country around it, that has or can get water, can rest assured of a lasting and ever augmenting boom. If it has oil wells or quarries, or mines, so much the better. It will have something to build on than the sale of town lots to "tenderfeet" and "sneakers."

Land, however, will bring more in town lots at \$200 to \$500 than in ten-acre tracts at from \$200 to \$500 per acre. Towns are easily made by the surveyor's stakes and engraver's skill; and there is a tendency at present to subdivide everything, that every one interested in the future welfare of our noble State that is to be, should discourage. A Government Fruit Inspector Riley said in his able address at Riverside, last week, in places near Los Angeles the orange orchards, having been cut up into town lots, are neglected and become the breeding place of insect pests and weeds. We must remember that it is important to improve land, as well as sell it. We want an agricultural or producing population to make business for our towns, and then all the tourists and gentlemen of leisure—the consuming class—we can get to help that business. Then if many of the tourists hit to other fields once in a while, our prosperity will still continue.

A Choice Property.
A tract of 20,000 acres of the finest fruit-land, changeable to 100,000 acres, for the tract is for sale by French, Packard & Rockwell of Pomona. The land is a sandy loam, from 20 to 40 feet in depth, well timbered with natural trees, and two miles from the electric line of the Southern Pacific railroad in Santa Barbara county. Can be bought for \$100,000.

Three Distinct Excursions.
On Saturday next—one from San Diego, one from Riverside, one from Pasadena and Los Angeles. Leaving at noon departure, 9:30 a.m. all meet at Colton, then take the grand train to the lovely San Bernardino. Lunch will be ready on arrival of trains. After lunch sale will commence. Fare for the round trip, \$1.50, good for three days.

Dots.
J. W. Davis, prescription druggist.
Buy your coal, wood, hay, feed and charcoal at Holmes and Scott's 157 S. Spring st., between Second and Third, west side. Telephone 142.

On account of increased travel east, the Santa Fe trains are arranged for extra Pullman coaches west through Kansas City trains. They are now running the emigrant tourists direct from Los Angeles to Kansas City direct.

A Rich Man's Residence Site.
8000 an acre, 15 or 25 acres, close to Los Angeles, commanding beautiful views, suitable for a rich man's residence. Come and see this. 25 West First street, Wissensanger & Sons.

In Their New Quarters.
Crandall, Crow & Co. are at 123 and 125 West First street, with full line of stoves, mantels and grates.

New goods received daily, at the Boston Mill Paper House, 22 South Spring street.

Buy Bagshaw's perfect fitting shirt, 50 North Spring street.

Buy Bagshaw's fine underwear, 50 N. Spring.

Architects.

B. REEVE, ARCHITECT AND SURVEYOR. Room 10, Phillips' block, Main st.; rooms 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 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OF THE FRUIT
Los Angeles, Thursday, April 26.
The whole deal of California is apparently about broken up. Five sailing and twelve sailing in price are reported.

The following is the latest from the Chinese market for Citrus Fruits:

China, April 25.—California Lemons are slow, being dirty or smoky. They are quoted at \$1.00 per box. Mandarins, the only other variety on the market, are firm, and sell at higher figures than California. Lemons, on account of their better quality.

Oranges for Oranges has been light on the last few days, but is firm, and the price is fair, and comes about illustrates of the California varieties. Arrivals have fallen off somewhat. Trade is good in choice fruits, for which prices are firm, while common grades of stock require some urging to sell.

The following are the quotations, taken from the Daily Trade Report, San Francisco, good to fancy, \$1.50 to \$2.00; San Bernadino, \$1.50 to \$2.00; Santa Ana, \$2.00; San Michael, Fairbank, \$1.75 to \$2.00; Orange, \$1.50 to \$2.00; Los Angeles, \$2.00; Naval Oranges, according to quality, \$2.00; Durango, \$3.00 to \$3.50; San Gabriel, \$2.00 to \$2.50; Blood Oranges, fancy, \$2.00; China, \$1.

Stocks and Bonds.

By Telegraph to The Times.
New York, April 25.—Money on call, easy, ranging from \$1.00, closing at \$1.00.

Prize漫游 paper, \$0.50.
Sterling, London, dull and steady, 4.45%.

London, dull and steady, 4.45%.

Government bonds were dull and steady.

Today's stock market developed unusual dullness, fractions, especially after first hour, and closing with a slight upward movement.

The coming week will show most stocks showing only insignificant changes from last evening.

Final figures in afternoon market, though remaining dull throughout the day. The closing was dull and steady, at above lowest figures reached.

NEW YORK STOCKS.
New York, April 25.
100 (Northwestern) 120%
" per cent. 120% Our Improvement 35%
" per cent. 110% Our Navigation 100%
" per cent. 100% Pacific Mail 50%
C. & G. 100% Rock Island 20%
D. & R. G. 90% St. Paul 21%
K. & P. Central 100% St. Louis 20%
Kansas & Texas 31% Union Pacific 61%
N. Y. Central 112% United States 65%
Northern Pacific 25% Faro 27%
N. P. preferred 61% Western Union 75%
Companies.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.
Best & Coopers. 6.02% Potomac 1.25%
Croucher 83 Opfer 1.37%
1.25 Savory 5.65%
Consolidated 14.14% Union 1.25%
Gould & Curtis 4.10 Union Con. 3.20
Hale & N. 4.93 Confidence 8.75%
Pencos 6.00 Mt. Diablo 4.25
Wicks, April 25.—Bar silver per ounce.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—Silver bars per ounce, \$20.25%.

The Grain Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 25.—Wheat: Quiet and steady; buyer, season, \$1.90; buyer 1887, very dull; buyer, season, \$1.90; buyer, 1887, \$1.80; seller, \$1.80 to \$1.90.

CHICAGO, April 25.—Wheat: There was a slight fall today, and prices again closed lower.

Cash, 20¢ to 25¢; May, 31¢ to 32¢; June, 33¢.

CHICAGO, April 25.—Close—Wheat: Unchanged. Corn: Unchanged. Barley: Unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, April 25.—Close—Wheat: Poor demand; new No. 2 winter, 15¢; No. 2 spring, 15¢.

Petroleum.

New York, April 25.—The market opened strong at \$5.00, and, after touching \$5.25, became dull, with prices falling to \$4.85, with eight exceptions, till near close, when it reached \$4.80, and closed steady at \$4.80. Sales, 4,000,000 bbls.

CHICAGO, April 25.—Close—Pork: Unchanged.

Los Angeles Produce Market.

The following is the official record of the Los Angeles Produce Exchange, corrected daily. In the quotations, unless otherwise stated, it is to be understood that the first figure is the price per box, and the second the lowest price asked. These quotations are for round lots from first hands; for small lots out of store higher prices are asked.

LEMONS—No. 1, 50¢ asked.

WHEAT—Australian, No. 1, white, \$1.65 bbl; Gold Drop, \$1.60 bbl; white Russian, \$1.60 bbl; Sonora, \$1.60 bbl; Dressed, shipping, \$1.60 bbl.

BARLEY—Feed, No. 1, \$1.10 to \$1.15.

CORN—Large, yellow, car-load lots, \$1.05 asked; do; small, yellow, \$1.10 to asked; white, \$1.10 to \$1.15.

SEED—Alfalfa, new, 10¢ per lb. asked.

FLAX—Barley, W. H. No. 1, \$1.12 to \$1.20 asked; W. H. No. 2, \$1.10 to \$1.20.

BEANS—EDDIE'S PEAS, No. 1, new green, \$1.15 to \$1.25 asked; Navy, \$1.00 to \$1.15.

WHEAT—Feed, No. 1, 10¢ per lb. asked; old roasters, 10¢ to 12¢; young roasters, 12¢ to 15¢; broilers, large, \$1.00 to \$1.10; ducks, large, \$1.10 to \$1.20; do; small, \$1.00 to \$1.10; flocks, \$1.00 to \$1.10.

BEEF—Fresh, 24¢ to 25¢.

BUTTER—Fancy roll, per lb, 20¢ asked; Choice roll, 20¢ asked; Fair roll, 18¢ asked; Fat roll, new, 16¢ asked; Mixed Stock, 16¢ asked.

ONIONS—Northern, Yellow, Danvers, \$4.00 asked.

POTATOES—Perkins, Los Angeles old, 25¢ to 35¢ asked; do; new, 25¢ asked.

DRIED FRUIT—Figs, sun-dried, No. 1, 15¢ asked; do No. 2, 14¢ asked; do; No. 3, 13¢ asked; Dried Figs, 12¢ asked; Dried Apricots, 12¢ asked; Dried Dates, 12¢ asked; Dried Figs, 12¢ asked; Dried Apricots, 12¢ asked; Dried Dates, 12¢ asked; Dried Grapes, 12¢ asked.

PEANUTS—Cali. No. 1, 60¢ asked; do; 100¢ asked.

EXTRA FAMILY—Capitol Mills Extra Family Flour, \$1.25 asked; Capitol Mills Extra Family Flour, \$1.25 asked; Pioneer or Crown, \$1.25 asked.

WHEAT—Crown, new, evapored, \$1.25 asked; Cracked Barley, \$1.15 asked; Ground Barley, \$1.15 asked; Rolled Barley, \$1.15 to \$1.25.

FOURTH WHEAT—No. 1, 10¢ per lb. asked; old roasters, 10¢ to 12¢; young roasters, 12¢ to 15¢; broilers, large, \$1.00 to \$1.10; ducks, large, \$1.10 to \$1.20; do; small, \$1.00 to \$1.10; flocks, \$1.00 to \$1.10.

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GRIFFIN'S GOOSE.

BEGINNING TO WARM IT IN JUSTICE AUSTIN'S COURT.

The Dry Sparkling Champagne Company and Its Brunette President Somewhat Ventilated—Engineer Church's Story.

Dr. G. Hamilton Griffin and his attorney appeared in Justice Austin's court, yesterday morning, to answer the charges brought against Griffin Wednesday evening. His mustache was handsomely waxed, and he looked as sleek and neat as ever, but there was a troubled look about the corners of his eyes, and when the master was called he looked about the room and heaved a long-drawn sigh.

The District Attorney stated that he was not ready to go on with the case, for the reason that he knew nothing about the case until a few hours before, and he believed that the people had a good case, and for that reason he was anxious to look into the matter thoroughly.

The doctor's attorney said his client's business was the Dry Sparkling Champagne which was greatly injured by delay, and he wanted it disposed of at once. It was continued until 2 o'clock.

The case was called again at 2 p.m. The defendant was represented by William T. Williams, and The People by Deputy District Attorney M. B. Harrison. The doctor wore in his coat a label of a size commensurate with his own proportions, which meant that it was as large as a cabbage. In front of the defendant, leaning against the clerk's desk, was a gorgeously-framed certificate of incorporation of the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company, issued by the Secretary of State. County Clerk Dunswood was also present, with the book of original articles of incorporation, and in his office a monitor which was that of the "Dry Sparkler."

A few minutes after the case had been called, Horace Bell, associate counsel for the prosecution, entered the court. The District Attorney read the affidavit of the complaining witness, Mr. J. Church, charging that Dr. Hamilton Griffin had defrauded him out of \$600 by alleging that the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company was a corporation legally incorporated under the laws of California and "doing business in the city of Los Angeles." Mr. Williams moved to interpose a demur to the complaint on the ground of the ambiguity of the wording of the same, that it was indefinite and vague, and referred to two instances of false pretenses, without specifying designating the same. Counsel argued that it did not appear in the complaint that the complaining witness had not received stock for the value of \$600, and in the event of his having received it, that the complainant did not show that it was not worth \$600. He concluded that there was no allegation in the complaint that the defendant had been deceived, and that the instrument, therefore, was defective. He wanted his demur sustained. The Court overruled the demur, and Mr. Church took the stand. He stated that his name was William J. Church, and that he resided in Los Angeles. On the 15th or 16th of March the "doctor" told the complaining witness that they would be better off for the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company, and induced him to place his application before the board. Church didn't know what board the "doctor" meant, but put in an application, which he left with the defendant. A few days afterward the "doctor" told the witness that a friend of Mr. Chadwick had also put in an application for the place of engineer, and that the friend was willing to subscribe \$600 worth of stock, but that if he (Church) would not up that amount the "doctor" would see that he got the job. Church then deposited in the Los Angeles County Bank to the credit of the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company the sum of \$600. After that he became anxious to go to work, but the "doctor" put him off, first by saying that the engine hadn't arrived yet.

The defense objected to any charges of false representations other than those in the complaint being introduced. The District Attorney said that they were trying to show by the witness that, as stated in the complaint, the defendant had alleged "that the company was doing business in Los Angeles," which was not the case.

The witness said that was done at the time when the stock was done on paper. That was the point in this case.

The Court allowed the witness to proceed.

The witness: A few days after I paid the defendant the money the "doctor" showed me his bylaws, and said: "I have already 20,000 shares subscribed." I said:

"What?"

This brought out new objections and arguments, but the Court told the witness to go on. The witness said that the defendant read the names of several people printed on the bylaws, and though he did not know those people personally, he knew they were solid, and on those representations he put up his money. Didn't find out what the company did any business. Defendant told witness: The defendant represented that Mr. Chadwick, Nathan Cole, Col. Howland, El Hammond and several others were on the board of directors. He did not mention Horace Bell afterward. Could not find the place of business. The defendant said: "I can't pay you to work. There is a carpenter I work, but I can't afford to do it." That was after I paid the money. I never got anything for my money. I never received no stock, neither have I received wages. I haven't had a cent from him. Two days ago I said I was going to pull out of the concern, and the "doctor" told me the board would meet in two weeks.

Cross-examined: I worked two weeks.

The "doctor" never offered me my stock and I never demanded it. He always told me they were going to issue it soon. The first I saw in the shape of stock was last Tuesday, but he never offered me my stock till this morning here in court. The building is up, but it has not been paid for. They owe me five dollars. I have worked but two weeks putting in the bolts, but my wages were to run on since I paid in money. I never had occasion to inquire whether the directors were responsible, because I looked to the defendant, who had hired me, and I thought he was responsible. I am 34 years of age. It looks as if I had got my stock. My first suspicion that I was satisfied, was about a week after I got into the concern. I was to get \$100 a month. I can't tell exactly to whom I first communicated the fact that I was cheated, but I told it first last Monday. When I subscribed for the stock the company was not "in business" in this city, to my knowledge. I have seen some "in business," but don't know who manufactured it.

Redirect: On last Tuesday, I believe, I sold Griffin I wanted back my money and my wages. Afterward, I sent Geo. M. Holton to the doctor to demand my money, but he did not get it. The only stockholders that I knew were men working with me, and of these none but one received any stock, and that he got only yesterday morning. The reason I was to get steady employment and the names of the directors or shareholders on the bylaws induced me to part with my money. If I had the stock now, I would not know what to do with it. I could not dispose of it. I do not know what has become of my money. I paid it at the request of the doctor, who claimed to be president, into the bank to the credit of the company. The defendant told me that he was president; that he first had 1500 shares and took 1500 more in order to become president.

J. E. CHADWICK

testified that he was to have received stock

in the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company when the stock was ready. He was not a director until the latter part of March. He was one of the original subscribers but resigned. He was aware that his name was being used as a director, though he was not longer connected with the concern. He didn't know if there was any stock made out in his name. Did not know the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company as a fraud. The reason of the delay in operating it was owing to the length of time needed to ship the machinery from Boston. Business had been carried on "temporarily," but the champagne that had been manufactured had only been manufactured for a sample. After Cole and witness resigned, he assisted the doctor in securing a lot. He was in the doctor's office when the machinery was ordered, but did not know if it had arrived. Had never met Mr. Church until saw him with Mr. Holton, and then again in court in the morning. The reason Cole and the witness were better than their business management ideas differed from those of the doctor, but for no cause of respect or dislike. Only knew by hearsay of any money having been paid in. He had been elected treasurer, but there was nothing in the treasury. He had paid the debts of the concern out of his pocket. He had paid \$100. He had received money from the subscribers. (The witness didn't know the names of more than one or two of the subscribers as read off the original articles of incorporation.) The witness said that he resigned verbally on March 11th to Dr. Griffin and Mr. Cole, sitting at a board, he himself being the third director, together with Mr. B. B. Harvey, he thought. The champagne drunk at the banquets was manufactured at Stoll's Soda Works under the superintendence of Mr. Cohn. The witness had no money to turn over when he resigned.

DR. E. COHN

testified to analyzing a bottle of champagne which the defendant brought to him and that he, the witness, gave him a certificate that it was very good champagne—which it was. The defendant had paid him his fee. He offered him \$50 a month to be analyst of the company. The witness's connection with the concern was short, and he resigned on the 13th of March. See Cole. The witness was made by the witness. He considered it a privilege to be analyst of the company. The witness was used on the 4th of April, in the articles of incorporation, it was without his permission.

CALVIN EDGERTON

was attorney for the Dry Sparkling Champagne Company for one month—till the first of April. He was to get \$50 per month, half cash, half stock. He got the cash, but didn't get the stock. Offered to give his reasons for withdrawing from the concern, owing to the confidential character of the position he had held. Got \$50 from the doctor and resigned to him. Dr. Griffin seemed to be the only one to know.

The attorney for the defense here stated that Dr. Griffin was willing to have the witness tell what he knew.

Witness: I did not consider that the company was being conducted in a legal manner, and for that reason I resigned. Dr. Griffin ran the business with the assistance of the directors. They never had a meeting of the board of directors.

Horace Bell, for the prosecution, read off the names of the subscribers on the original articles of incorporation, and reminded the Court that according to ex-Treasurer Chadwick's statement none of them had paid in a cent of money.

SAMUEL WHITE

gave Dr. Griffin a check of \$100 for stock on the 4th of March, but didn't get his stock. The witness was to get the teaming for the company, as per promise of the doctor, if he subscribed the \$100. He had had no champagne to team and didn't know what became of his money. See some champagne that they claimed to have manufactured and got a bottle. Dr. Griffin offered to return the witness his money one day, but when the witness wanted it, he said that he couldn't do anything without calling a meeting of the board of directors, and he didn't get his money back.

At this point the court adjourned to meet at 10 o'clock this morning.

The office of the Times-Mirror Company is removed to the new Times Building, northeast corner of First and Fort streets (first floor)—entrance, for the present, on the Fort-street side. Open day and night.

The Best Investment.

Half-acre lots at \$100 each. Monthly payments of \$10. No interest. Southern California Land Co., 244 North Main street, Baker block.

Train for Mariposa

Will leave Downey-avenue depot at 10:30 a.m. and returning will leave Monrovia at 8 p.m.

People's Store.

We will sell today a special line of parasols, plain and fancy, figured silk and satin, some plain and others with stripes, 16 inches to 22 inches, new style fancy handles, at \$1.50. They are a line reserved for special sale today, and worth fully \$3.

We have received two pieces more of that elegant "Burgundy & Green" brand of gros grain black silk, that we will sell today only, at \$1 and \$1.10 per yard. They are 10 inches wide and beautifully finished, and would sell at \$20.

Woolen and calf shoes, \$2.

Underwear department—Ladies' embroidered chemise, \$6. worth \$10.

Notice—department—Men's percale collars, plain and striped, \$1.50.

Glove department—All-silk mitts, 25¢, worth 50¢.

Fancy goods department—Men's gauze shirts, \$1.50. worth fully \$2.

Hosiery department—Children's full-finished ribbed hose, solid colors, 12½¢, worth 25¢.

We have received a new invoice of window spring rolls, ornamented window shades with frosted gilt bands at 75¢, each complete, worth \$1.50. People's Store.

In Their New Quartermaster.

Crandall, Crow & Co. are now at 125 and 126 West First street, with full line of stoves, mantels and grates.

Goods at factory prices at Eagleson's, 59 North Spring street.

Unclassified.

A LOT FOR NOTHING.

SATURDAY NIGHT.

8 o'clock p.m.

TURVERIN HALL.

Our Drawing Room.

Under the supervision of our prominent Citizens.

Ticket-holders and the public in general are re-

Saturday night at 8 p.m. close the sales.

Get your shoes now if you want a lot in beautiful Mariposa free.

LEWIS BROS., 101 and 103 N. Spring st.

FLOWERS! FLOWERS! FLOWERS!

All kinds of plants and flowers, especially roses.

At Boyle Heights Nursery, CHARLES EDWARD.

R. E. TICKETS BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. Cut rates to all points. Member Guarantee Ticket Brokers' Association. L. H. WHITSON, 59 North Spring st.

FOR A GOOD DRIVING OR WORK HORSE, go to VENTURA STABLES, 23 S. 8th Angeles.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FAMILY

HOME, go to VENTURA STABLES, 23 S. 8th Angeles.

CLOAK HOUSE.

GOLD FACTS.

The distance from Los Angeles to San Bernardino is, in round numbers,

MONDAY APRIL 4, 1887.

Complete and Fashionable Assortment

—THE MOST—

EVER SHOWN IN LOS ANGELES.

H. MOSGROVE & CO.,

—THE LEADING—

CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE,

21 South Spring Street,

Adjoining the Nadeau Hotel.

FURNISHING GOODS.

LIGHT-WEIGHT UNDERWEAR,

FANCY

SHIRTS!

HOSEIERY,

NECKWEAR,

COLLARS AND CUFFS,

ETC., ETC.

PRICES LOW.

EAGLESON & CO.,

50 North Spring St.

—

CLOAK HOUSE.

GOLD FACTS.

Sixty Miles.

It is about thirty miles from Los Angeles to Claremont, and consequently, you will infer that it is about thirty miles from Claremont to San Bernardino.

On the new California Central Railway (now the L. A. & G. Ry. & L. A. & R. Ry.) there are the following named towns and townsites between Los Angeles and Claremont:

No. 1. Los Angeles Grove No. 12. Arcadia

No. 2. Highland Park No. 14. Monrovia

No. 3. Garvanza No. 14. Duarre

No. 4. Lincoln Park No. 15. Azusa

No. 5. South Pasadena No. 15. Glendale

No. 6. Claremont No. 15. Aliso

No. 7. Pasadena No. 15. San Dimas

No. 8. Olivewood No. 15. Covina

No. 9. La Sierra Park No. 15. Claremont

No. 10. Sierra Madre No. 22. Claremont

No. 11. E. O. and E.

Twenty-two adult, robust, thrifty towns in thirty miles!

Now examine the next thirty miles and observe the appended list:

No. 1. MAGNOLIA

No. 2. Cucamonga

No. 3. Etiwanda

No. 4. San Bernardino

The soil, climate, water supply and general adaptability to horticulture and residence, as well as the opportunities for business and the healthy growth of a community or town, are considerable by eminent authorities just as favorable in that section as in the first named; and in the same degree, as the first named, and the residence population and productive capacity of one will equal the other, save perhaps the element of a suburban population.

Now towns, to thrive, must have some surrounding country to support them, and the more good, fertile land a town has to back it up, other things being equal, the more rapid and certain will be its growth.

Perhaps this proposition has not occurred to you in this light before in selecting your field for investment. If it is considered sound, you are invited to apply to it.

Now towns, to thrive, must have some surrounding country to support them, and the more good, fertile land a town has to back it up, other things being equal, the more rapid and certain will be its growth.

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PLANTING OF TREES—NOTES.

ALHAMBRA, April 27.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] "The Alhambra Land Bureau" has hung its banner on the inner wall.

Charles Hildebrandt has sold five acres of his three-year-old vineyard to Mrs. Monty for \$750 per acre.

Orange contractors have picked the bulk of the crop in this vicinity. Another week, and the golden fruit will be represented only by a few lonesome samples.

Every one and their wife's relations are planting orange seed, with a view to raising nursery trees, a healthy indication that the entire community has not gone east on corner lots.

The Public Library has been removed to Alhambra Hall, our increasing population necessitating more space for reading-room facilities.

The daily excursions from Los Angeles to Alhambra, recently inaugurated by Messrs. Stanton & Phillips, including a railroad ride on the California Southern and Southern Pacific, with carriage hire, toothsome lunch, enchanting scenery, and bracing air, will command itself to all seekers of genuine pleasure.

Large numbers have already taken advantage of the inducements offered to view our happy combination of town and country. There will be no attraction for the genus hoodium, as we have no gin palace or underground melodeon to attract his perverted taste. Hence the respectable citizen can feel assured of a day of quiet, unalloyed pleasure and an opportunity for wonderment at the remarkable transformation of a cattle range into a blooming Eden, all accomplished in the short space of ten years.

YUSUF.

Santa Ana.

STREET CAR ACCIDENT, ETC.

SANTA ANA, April 27.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Last Sunday, as the street car was nearing Tustin, two boys were playing on the platform of the car, pushing each other off. Soon Hill Meadow lost his balance and fell onto the track just in front of the wheel; before the driver could stop the car the wheel passed over his right leg and arm, breaking both and dislocating the hip joint. Surgical aid was summoned from Santa Ana, and after some effort the hip joint was reduced to its normal condition and the broken bones set. The boy is about 15 years old, and will probably learn a very useful lesson from this sad experience.

The Odd Fellows had a big time at Tustin Tuesday. They organized a lodge of eight charter members and then examined and initiated twenty-two new members. All this took place in the new hall built by Mr. Higgins.

The W. C. T. U. of Los Angeles county assembled here in convention on Tuesday afternoon. A goodly number were present and the exercises were very interesting. Afternoon and evening sessions will be held until Friday. The number who have donned the blue ribbon in Santa Ana is 1300 instead of 500 as I announced last week.

Frank Chilton, our excellent postmaster, has sent in his resignation, and has taken a position in the Commercial Bank, while Mr. Masbough leaves the Commercial and takes charge of the new bank at Orange. Petitions have been sent forward to have Granville Sprague appointed postmaster.

H. K. Snow, of Tustin, was married on Wednesday to Miss Elva Downs. The happy couple have gone to the Yosemite and other northern points for a brief bridal trip.

Crops of all kinds are looking well. There is some complaint of mildew among the grapevines. NEWTON.

Orange.

SOCIAL AND GENERAL NOTES.

ORANGE, April 28.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Everybody is getting ready for the May-day picnic.

A town clock will soon regulate the time of day for this section.

Two new dry goods stores are being fitted up and will be open for business in a few days.

The Methodist ministers in this region have a ministerial association of their own which meets once a month. Quite a number of our temperance people have attended the county W. C. T. U. at Santa Ana the past week.

It is said that careful inspection of orange trees shows that the red scale, which does so much damage, is now rapidly disappearing.

J. M. Smith, of Mountain View, celebrated the twenty-first birthday of his stepson, Abbott B. Clark, on the 23d, by presenting the young man with a deed of seven acres of fine vineyard land.

Mrs. W. G. McPherson has started for her old home in Vermont to visit friends there. Mr. and Mrs. Foster are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Baldwin, in Pasadena.

The forty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Bassett occurred Tuesday, the 26th, and their many friends improved the opportunity by presenting them an elegant easy chair and a fine hanging-lamp. J. F. Bassett, Jr., and wife, of Santa Monica, and R. S. Bassett and wife, of Pomona, children of the couple, among others, were present on the occasion.

Mr. J. M. McGuire and Miss Zillah E. Rhodes were united in marriage at the M. E. Church, by the Rev. G. F. Bovard, Wednesday, the 27th. After the ceremony quite a large party of invited guests repaired to the residence of the parents and enjoyed the wedding supper.

The steam pumping plant, so long talked of for raising water from Yorba Lake, has arrived, or one carload of it at least, and the work of hauling it up the canon and putting it in working order will begin at once.

McPherson ladies are holding dime socials every other week to raise money with which to buy chairs for seating the hall where religious services are held.

Teams from Earlimar are hauling lumber for the Quaker church, which is to be built in that town very soon.

A.

The Next Largest Town.
(Santa Monica Outlook.)

The Santa Ana Herald gives a very gratifying exhibit of its growing town, and shows by a series of statistics that it is a very important center of a rich, well-populated country. But we think

he makes a mistake in saying that Santa Ana will be the second largest town in Los Angeles county. It is not the rate of inland towns to be the largest cities, unless there is some exceptional reason for it. In looking over the United States there are only two great inland cities that have outstripped the surrounding towns. These are Indianapolis, Ind., and Atlanta, Ga. The rule is the other way. We have New York, Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, New Orleans, San Francisco and other large cities, all on water ways, and nearly all the foci of a network of railroads. This points to the fact that commerce has more to do with the upbuilding of great cities than agriculture. And it also has much to do with the location of manufacturers, and they, too, are greater features in a city's growth than agriculture.

Los Angeles is one of the exceptions. Had certain developments that are now going on been inaugurated twenty years ago, even the "Angel City" would have to take a back seat. As it is, it has such a start and has become so great a center of capital and combined interests, it would be almost impossible to overshadow it by the upbuilding of another city in Southern California. Besides, it is so close to the ocean that the upbuilding of a large town at the seaside will in time become merely the ocean end of that city, although it may be under another incorporation.

Here we reach the point at which we were aiming when we began this article. Great interests are centering upon the coasts of Los Angeles county, between Point Vincent on the south and Point Dunne on the north, which will certainly draw a large population. Two gigantic railroad corporations have intersected, and even Los Angeles is anything but an unfriendly spectator. As our readers generally know, extensive operations are now under way to create an artificial harbor at the Ballona Lake, and a wharf at Santa Monica has already proved to be a successful experiment.

There is also a fine scope of country between these points and Los Angeles. The site is peculiarly eligible for a city, both as to drainage and healthfulness; and as the greater portion of the fuel must be shipped by water, it would be the most practicable point for manufacturers. The locality is also easy of access by rail; hence it would be inexpensive to connect it with Los Angeles (the great railroad center) by any number and variety of railways. These, in turn, would induce thick settlement all along their lines, which in time would practically make the town at the seashore the ocean terminus of the great metropolis of Southern California.

Some of our readers may think these outgrowths are rather chimerical. But we would remind such persons that ports and harbors are not the creatures of a day or even of a lifetime. They are to last for generations to come.

This portion of Southern California is destined to sustain a vast population, and the foundations are now being laid to meet their wants; and as their interests multiply, capital will accumulate, and the means will be at hand to turn their schemes that at the present time seem impracticable.

A good harbor and shipping facilities are among the things that even now are needed, and this need will rapidly multiply. Hence it is most important to start right—to select the most eligible point. That point is on the bay fronting Santa Monica. If it is not, where is it? It is not at Wilmington; it is not at Newport. The aggregation of capital and interests are too great to allow San Diego, with her harbor advantages, to overshadow Los Angeles. Then it is of paramount advantage that the necessary facilities should be promoted to bring the largest water craft and railway trains together. This will be done; and when it is accomplished, it is as sure as fate that there will be a splendid city reaching over the six miles of ocean frontage, from Old Santa Monica Cañon to the uplands south of Ballona, and eastward there will be a dense settlement extending to Los Angeles.

A Cold-water Gathering.

Last evening a pleasant party assembled at the residence of Will D. Gould to tender a welcome to W. Jennings Demarest, wife and daughter, who are on a visit to this coast from New York. The occasion was also the first extension of hospitality in their new and elegant home. Among the guests present were Mr. Demarest, wife and daughter, George T. Hanly and wife, E. K. Green and wife, Isaac Smith, J. D. Burch and wife, H. C. Witmer, M. F. Quinn and wife, Mrs. Kingsbury, James Smith and wife, of Pasadena; Capt. A. D. Wood, J. T. Handsaker and wife, J. H. Blanchard, and wife, Mrs. Blanchard; Capt. W. D. Nevill; Master Eddie Longley and Master Johnnie Adams; Mrs. Julia E. Leal; Gerlach, W. B. Wadman, and Mrs. Julia Thompson.

The young members of the Band of Hope gave each a recitation. Mrs. Gould addressed a few well-chosen words of welcome to "Our Honored Guests." Mrs. Gould referred to the "Ideal Children" in her usual graceful style. To the sentiment, "Equal Suffrage," Mrs. Kingsbury responded with a sprightly and eloquent address. Mrs. Demarest replied to the sentiment, "The Ideal Woman," with a few well-timed remarks. The Prohibition Party of 1888 was fully discussed by Mr. Demarest.

Mr. Gould's response to the sentiment, "Pride of Prohibition Work," was delivered in the gentleman's usual fervid style. Capt. A. D. Wood responded to the sentiment, "The Prohibition Press," with some very witty and sensible remarks.

A man from Pine Knob stood watching a performance on a slide trombone. Suddenly seizing a companion's arm, the Pine Knob man excitedly exclaimed: "For the Lawd's sake, look there! Lige."

"What's the matter?"

"Look there, he dun it agin."

"W'y, crowded in half that blamed ho'ns into his mouth. Did you see that? Wall, I'll sw'ar!"—Arkansaw Traveler.

A lady told this story the other day in Sorosis, the incident having occurred in her own family. A small boy was requested to look up the word anonymous and use it in a sentence. He found the meaning to be "w/out a name," and thereupon handed the following to his happy parent: "Mammans has given us a new baby; it is anonymous."—[New York Sun.]

An electrical railway has been tried experimentally at Orange, N. J., with the best results. Eight miles an hour were accomplished with the greatest ease.

TWO FRIENDS MEET.



BANKS.

FAIRMONT AND MERCHANTS BANK
OF LOS ANGELES.
ESTABLISHED IN 1864.
Surplus and Reserve Fund.....\$100,000
Total.....\$100,000
IRALAS W. HELLMAN, President.
L. C. GOODWIN, Vice-President.
JOHN E. HILL, Secretary.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Isaac W. Hellman, John S. Griffin,
G. C. Childs, G. H. Mott,
Ed. G. Gandy, J. H. Lankershim,
C. Duvemann, John M. Elliott.
Exchange for Sale on New York, London,
Frankfort, Dublin, Paris and Berlin. Rec-
eive Deposits and Issue their Certificates
of Deposit, Bonds, Mortgages, State, County
and City Bonds.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF LOS ANGELES.
CAPITAL STOCK.....\$100,000
SURPLUS.....\$10,000

E. F. SPENCE.....President
J. F. CRANCK.....Vice-President
J. M. MILLOTT.....Cashier

DIRECTORS:
J. D. Bicknell, J. F. Crank, H. Mahury, R. F.
Spence, G. C. Howes, C. H. Mott,
J. M. Elliott.

STOCKHOLDERS:
Estate of A. H. Wilson, I. W. Hellman,
O. S. Witherby, S. H. Mott,
H. Mahury, A. L. Lankershim,
H. H. Bicknell, F. Q. Story,
L. H. Carlton, James McCoy,
J. D. Bicknell, William Lacy.

GEO. S. BURGESS, JOHN BYRON, SR.,
President, Vice-President
F. C. HOWES, Cashier.

LOS ANGELES NATIONAL BANK

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.
No. 54 North Main st., Los Angeles.

CAPITAL.....\$100,000
SURPLUS.....\$10,000

W. G. COOCHMAN, Col. H. H. Markham,
Perry M. Green, John Bryson, Sr.,
H. Sinsabaugh, F. C. Howes,
Geo. H. Bonebrake.

Exchange for Sale on all the Principal Cities
of the United States and Europe.

JOHN L. BICKNELL, L. E. BREED,
President, Vice-President
W. F. BORSBYHILL, Cashier.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NATIONAL BANK

PAID CAPITAL.....\$100,000

NADRAU BLOCK.

DIRECTORS:
L. M. Green, H. T. Newell, H. A. Barclay,
Chas. E. Day, Alex. Penney, D. M. Graham,
H. C. Bousbyhull, M. Hagan, Frank Rader,
W. F. Borsbyhull, John I. Redick.

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

THE UNIVERSITY BANK
Of Los Angeles.

CAPITAL STOCK.....\$100,000

LOANS FROM THE CAPITAL STOCK ON LONG TIME
WILL BE MADE IN THE FORM OF BONDS SECURED BY
FIRST-MEASURED INTEREST-BEARING SECURITIES OFFERED
FOR INVESTMENT.

GENERAL BUSINESS TRANSFERRED.

Established on New York, Boston, Chicago,
Kansas City and San Francisco.

R. M. WIDNEY, President
GEO. S. BURGESS, Vice-President
GEO. S. BURGESS, Treasurer

DR. DAVID'S OXYGEN.

HOME TREATMENT.

Prices reduced for treatment which will last
from 10 to 15 days. The cost will be from \$100
to \$1000. This is the genuine oxygen, and
inferior to none. Call or address

DR. DAVID'S & DAVID'S

54½ N. Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Office hours, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

JOHN STERLING.

ROYAL REMEDY CO.

Send for pamphlet, containing treatise and
many testimonials.

ADDRESS—

POSTOFFICE BOX 226.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Druggists attention. WARRANTED.

Unclassified.

Notice.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that the Board of
Directors of the following named companies,
at meetings held for that purpose, voted
to convert their stock into bonds, and to issue
stocks, debenture, property and other
securities, to wit: Riverside, Santa Ana and Los
Angeles Railroad Company, San Bernardino and
Angelo Railroad Company, San Bernardino
and Arrow Valley Railway Company, San Bernardino
and Valley Railway Company, Los Angeles and
San Gabriel Valley Railroad Company, Los
Angeles and San Dimas Railway Company,
and the San Diego Central Railroad
Company, by articles of agreement, dated
April 24, 1887, the company formed by such
articles of agreement, to be called the
California Central Railway Company.

By order of the Board of Directors.

C. W. SMITH, Vice-President of the Riverside, Santa Ana
and Los Angeles Railway Company.

C. W. SMITH, Vice-President of the San Bernardino and
Los Angeles Railway Company.

C. W. SMITH, Vice-President of the San Bernardino
and San Diego Railway Company.

C. W. SMITH, Vice-President of the San Diego Central
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"What's the matter?"

<p

NOTABLE AT HOME.

His Career as Chairman of the Supreme Supervisors.

[Santa Rosa Republican April 16th.]

William Rogers is no longer unknown. His right name is W. E. Rogers. The story of his exploits and villainous crimes is all already published. The names of many are all through New York, Ohio, Kentucky, Arkansas and Missouri have caught on, and such stories as have an additional charge to add to his infamous record. His career of crime commenced away back in '50, and if all the charges are true, then too much cannot be said. His apparently honorable career in this country for ten years, fails to wipe out the sin. He is rich, and you never offered to make amends or restitution. He is connected by marriage with Lloyd Tevis and James B. Hagan, and is a brother of Reuben H. Lloyd, the attorney, of San Francisco. He has also another brother living there who still bears the original name. These, with other relatives and friends, have succeeded in keeping the San Franisco papers quiet, which has caused the frequent remark, "If he was some poor devil, wouldn't he catch it though?" The Sacramento Bee it seems could not be controlled, hence the expose. The Republican had not intended publishing the story. Respect for the man's family, not for himself, had shielded him for so many years, and even the Republican would remain silent only that the record is too widely known, and that the paper's name has frequently been mentioned in the matter, and in a wrong light, intimating in fact that there were secret understandings between the editors and Mr. Kissane, not altogether honorable. The present editor, however, in the same paper, has said, "Our close inquiry has learned that in 1870 Col. Rogers, or Kissane, had employed attorneys to prosecute the Santa Rosa Times (now Republican), then published by Ragsdale Bros., for libel. The Times had discovered that the county funds were being misused—that Rogers himself had drawn \$2000 from the treasury two years previously for the purpose of building a bridge near Sonoma, and that the bridge had never been built, and that there was not even a road in the locality. This was exposed, the money was successfully returned, and arrangements made to crush the paper with a libel suit. In self-preservation the Times publishers began to look around and secured the history of the case from the paper. For the history of the case, Rogers sent an emissary to confer with the publishers, but they refused to have anything to do with him. Then Rogers himself came, and begged the publishers to name their price. They informed him that he hadn't enough money to buy them; but, finally, in answer to Kissane's (Rogers's) appeal for his family, so highly respectable, they declared that they would not only settle the matter, and that for him (Rogers) to resign his position as Supervisor, and agree to keep out of politics in Sonoma county. This, Rogers only too readily accepted, and it is well known that the compact has been faithfully carried out.

It is not positively known who started the last crusade. It is believed that San Antonio Lloyd, the San Francisco attorney, started the story in revenge for his (Lloyd's) refusal to testify in her behalf in the Sharon divorce suit, and Gen. Darr, of San Francisco, whose father had suffered loss from incendiarism by Rogers and his pals in an early day, is now pushing the expose with a view of compelling Kissane's complete resignation to those who demand so much.

He as it may is the history of the crimes committed are appealing indeed.

The publication of these charges has created some sympathy for Kissane. He has lived in this State for nearly thirty years and no great crime here traced to his door, and others now think this is probably true. He should make at least a partial restitution to him who had wronged. Some of those are today living in poverty, owing to their having been robbed by Kissane and his confederates.

Again there are those who think that he was made the scapegoat by his confederates, and the real guilty ones escaped, but it is generally conceded by the reports as published in the eastern papers that Kissane was the real leader, owing to his ability. Be as it may, let young men who read it learn a lesson.

It is reported that Rogers has gone to British Columbia, but how true this report is, we know not. We do know, however, that his family are highly respectable and are deserving of the very great sympathy which they have.

The Courts.

In Judge Cheney's court yesterday W. H. Jennings, having appeared and excused his absence, the order forfeiting his bail was set aside, and his case was set for May 13th.

JUDGE O'MELVINY.

Juan A. Morris was sentenced to two years in San Quentin for assault with a knife on Salvador Evans.

The information against J. H. Levering, for perjury, was dismissed, the case having been twice tried without result.

L. Clark was tried for resisting an officer.

The evidence for the prosecution failed to correspond to the allegations of the complaint and the Court, in the opinion of the material and adverse, the defense's discharge.

The jury returned a verdict of guilty in the case of James Murray, tried for receiving stolen property.

The Horace Bell libel case vs. B. A. Stephens and A. M. Thornton was reset for May 30th, at 9 a.m.

JUSTICE TANLEY.

The case of Fielding Moultrie, for grand larceny, was reset for April 29th, at 10:30 a.m.

The case of "Dr." G. Hamilton Griffin, for false pretenses is under examination.

THE COURTS.

The case of Mark Stone, for obtaining money under false pretenses, was set for April 20th, at 2 p.m.

The case of Frank Ayers, for murder, was postponed to May 21st, at 10 a.m.

The cases of Joseph Cespí and Lucas Marasovich, for malicious mischief, were set for May 5th, at 10 a.m.

Booming Co-operation.

The first series of 300 shares of stock in the California Cooperative Colony, having been sold within twenty days, the managers may decide to open another series about the 2d of May. They have not yet decided on the prices to be fixed upon the shares or the land in the second series. Notices are being sent to all stockholders requesting them to signify how many acres each one will want. Also to express their preferences as to the various plans proposed for distributing the land among purchasers. A meeting of stockholders will be held Saturday evening, May 7th.

A force of workmen will go down to the Colony tract today for the purpose of erecting on the townsite a temporary building for headquarters. The surveyor, Alfred R. Street, with his corps of assistants will begin operations on the ground early next week.

Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday by the San Jacinto Box and Lumber Company. The principal place of business will be in this city. The directors are John D. Burch, James R. Boal, Mattie M. Boal, D. Yager Peck and Charles D. Howay, all of Los Angeles. Capital stock, \$100,000; amount subscribed, \$60,000.

The Aloha Water and Development Company was also incorporated yesterday. The purpose is to buy and sell water and water rights in the Big and Little Dalton canals.

The principal offices will be at Aloha, directors are George E. Gandy, of Los Angeles; W. H. Franklin, of San Francisco; John Wilson, of Monrovia; John J. Broderick, of Monrovia; F. N. Myers, of Monrovia; James Voirier, of Los Angeles; J. F. Carter, G. W. Perkins and W. L. Phillips, of Monrovia. Capital stock, \$50,000; all subscribed.

He Saved His.

There was lively trouble at No. 318 West Ninth street early yesterday morning, and in answer to an urgent telephone call Officer Gates hurried to the scene of conflict. On arriving there he found "Biddy" McCarty and her mistress at swords points in regard to the wages. "Biddy's" kick was because she wanted the money due her paid through the hands of an officer. She was also kicking because Mr. Clark talked in the back yard when the officer arrived. She was making the air buzz with oaths, Irish "cuss" words, and Gates thought for a few minutes that he was about to witness a bloody hair-pulling match. He finally pulled the noisy "Biddy" into the street and the row ended.

Hotel Arias.

At the St. Elmo: T. Kirochoff, M. Calisher, Miss D. Hanlin, C. B. De Vas, San Francisco; W. Freeman, F. H. Heydenveld, Pasadena; F. M. Wright and wife, San Fernando; E. V. Bayard, New York city; A. J. Parker, Troy, N. Y.; J. M. Brooks, Ventura; R. L. Talbot, Indianapolis; D. L. Stine, Toledo; J. Deasum, Boston, Mass.; F. A. Tinsley, Las Vegas; N. M.; G. B. Barham, G. D. Roberts, Denning, N. M.; R. G. Surdam, Barstow; A. M. Campbell, Salina, Kan.; L. W. Williams, San Gabriel; Miss Marshall, Ames; J. Prince, Tucson; W. K. Dunham, Banning; A. P. Sepulveda and wife, Sacramento.

Departure by Steamer.

The steamer Los Angeles sailed for the north yesterday with the following Los Angeles passengers:

For San Francisco—S. Platt, B. Leather, Capt. A. H. Walling, Charles P. Dorian, and nine in steerage.

For Santa Cruz—E. L. Van Clink and wife, Mrs. Lucy V. Curtiss, Miss Clorinda Valencia.

For Ventura—A. O. Greenebaum.

With a Slingshot.

Four or five young men of East Los Angeles are in the habit of firing bullets from a slingshot into windows, to the annoyance of people living in the neighborhood of Daly and Workman streets. They are about grown, and one of them is the son of a prominent Democratic politician. A complaint has been made at the police station, and an officer has been detailed to look into the matter.

The San Jacinto Railroad.

W. A. Kirk and S. M. Allen, representatives of the Santa Fe route, arrived here Monday and immediately proceeded to Whittier and San Jacinto in the interests of the Paris and San Jacinto branch. These men met with every encouragement and bonuses. A favorable report is conceded and an officer has been detailed to look into the matter.

Pullman Passengers.

The following passengers left the city yesterday by the Pullman cars:

1:30 p.m. train north—S. S. Hamlin, Mrs. Stanfield, Mrs. M. T. Adams, E. C. Hall, Henderson, A. B. Henley, Fish, W. S. Botsford, Mrs. Worke, Mrs. Cross, 7:30 p.m. train north—Mrs. T. S. Earle, Little, Porter, Dr. R. Arnold.

Almost a Fire.

What looked like a prospect for a big fire was discovered in the Old Fellows' building, about 9 o'clock yesterday morning, by Officer Fletcher. On rushing up-stairs, the officer learned that the smoke was caused by a young boy who had spilled a lot of acid on the stairway. No damage to speak of was done.

A Coat-thief.

George McDaniel was arrested yesterday morning, by Officer Auble, for stealing a coat from a laborer who was working on North Main street. The fellow was found with the coat on, and was taken to the police station, where he was locked up.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to Roland P. Smith and Belle H. Norman, M. K. McLaughlin and Elva Davis, J. J. Lawton and N. Carter and F. H. C. Gaerde and Augusta G. Roeder.

LITERARY GLEANINGS.

Henry C. Lea has finished his "History of the Inquisition of the Middle Ages."

The famous "Rebellion Record" is to be supplemented by three additional volumes.

Prof. Huxley's biography of Hume—in the English "Men of Letters Series" will be published next month.

John G. Whittier has written an introduction to the forthcoming volume of essays written by the late E. P. Whipple.

The Century Company has purchased the Southern Bivouac, a magazine devoted to war papers and Southern character sketches.

John H. Douglass, M.D., Gen. Grant's physician, is preparing a complete history of his late patient's case, which will soon be published.

George Bancroft, the historian, is visiting the widow of ex-President Polk, at Nashville, Tenn., for the purpose of gathering material for his history of the Civil War.

Prof. Max Muller has just published a thick volume entitled, "The Science of Thought," of which German and Russian translations are about to appear.

The only surviving Plenipotentiary of the Congress of Paris, Baron Hubner, now residing at the French capital, is writing a volume of reminiscences, which it is expected, will prove very interesting.

Pot Longfellow's brother will soon publish the long-awaited "Last Memorials," in two volumes, with illustrations. The work is said to contain much interesting personal matter, table-talk and bits of unpublished history.

Mrs. Gen. Hancock is residing for the present with a friend at Venetia, N. J., and busily engaged upon her "Reminiscences," which it is thought, will be a highly valuable contribution to the war literature of the period.

A new history of "The War of Secession" is to be published in the fall. It is written by Rositer Johnson, much of whose matter has appeared in an excellent series of articles in the New York "Examiner." During the fall, it is understood, that the volume will be illustrated.

According to a New York correspondent, women are considered by publishers to be among the best judges of manuscript.

Whether it be their critical judgment or their critical instinct, their conclusion as to whether an embryo book or magazine article will take with the public or not is pretty sure to be correct.

Rev. Edward Everett Hale is devoting all his time to the gathering of material for the second volume of the life of Benjamin Franklin. For this volume Dr. Hale has succeeded in securing considerable information and documents of a most interesting and rare character. Additional material for the work is now being secured by specialists and correspondents in Europe, and this, it is believed, will make progress with the book necessarily slow.

I do not very much, because of this, the volume will be issued before next October.

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The Aloha Water and Development Company was also incorporated yesterday. The purpose is to buy and sell water and water rights in the Big and Little Dalton canals.

Assessment Notice.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSESSMENT levied by the authorities of the City of Los Angeles, in the State of California, for widening and improving of San Pedro street. For the collection of fifteen and one-half dollars and costs, the amount delinquent and unpaid of an assessment duly levied by the Council of the City of Los Angeles, upon the property hereinabove described and belonging to the City of Los Angeles, upon the 1st day of May, 1867.

On the 16th DAY OF MAY, A.D. 1867.

At 12 o'clock noon, in front of the City Tax Collector's office, in the City and County of Los Angeles, State of California, sell at public auction, for cash, in United States gold coin, the above described real property, to the highest bidder, all the above described property, or a sufficient thereof to satisfy said judgment and costs.

By D. W. FIELD,

City Tax Collector of the City of Los Angeles.

By A. N. PIERSON.

Assessment Notice.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSESSMENT levied by the authorities of the City of Los Angeles, in the State of California, for widening and improving of San Pedro street. By virtue of a warrant issued by the Clerk of the Council of the City of Los Angeles, for the collection of twenty-four dollars and fifty-six cents (\$24.56) and costs, the amount delinquent and unpaid of an assessment duly levied by the Council of the City of Los Angeles, upon the property hereinabove described and belonging to the City of Los Angeles, upon the 1st day of May, 1867.

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